

NAME:

STUDENT NO:

Q-3) Let R be the region in \mathbb{R}^3 lying in the first octant, i.e. $x, y, z \geq 0$, and bounded by the cylindrical surfaces $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and $x^2 + z^2 = 1$. Write the limits of integration into the following boxes and evaluate the integral.
(Grading: each box=1 point, evaluation=8 points.)

$$\int_{\boxed{}}^{\boxed{}} \int_{\boxed{}}^{\boxed{\phantom{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}} \int_{\boxed{}}^{\boxed{\phantom{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}} dz dy dx = \int_{\boxed{}}^{\boxed{}} \int_{\boxed{}}^{\boxed{\phantom{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}} \int_{\boxed{}}^{\boxed{\phantom{\sqrt{1-x^2}}}} dy dx dz.$$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{\boxed{0}}^{\boxed{1}} \int_{\boxed{0}}^{\boxed{\sqrt{1-x^2}}} \int_{\boxed{0}}^{\boxed{\sqrt{1-x^2}}} dz dy dx \\ &= \int_{\boxed{0}}^{\boxed{1}} \int_{\boxed{0}}^{\boxed{\sqrt{1-z^2}}} \int_{\boxed{0}}^{\boxed{\sqrt{1-x^2}}} dy dx dz. \end{aligned}$$

The first integral is easier to evaluate:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dz dy dx &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-x^2} dy dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left(y\sqrt{1-x^2} \Big|_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 (1-x^2) dx \\ &= \left(x - \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 \right) \\ &= \frac{2}{3}. \end{aligned}$$