

NAME:

STUDENT NO:

Q-4) Assume that the equation $x^2 + y^3 + xy + x^2z + yz^2 + z^5 = 11$ defines z as a C^∞ function of x and y around the point $(x, y, z) = (1, 2, -1)$.

a) Write the equation of the tangent plane, at the point $(x, y, z) = (1, 2, -1)$, to the surface defined by the above equation. (10 points)

b) Calculate the value of z_{xx} at the point $(x, y, z) = (1, 2, -1)$. (10 points)

Solution:

Let $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^3 + xy + x^2z + yz^2 + z^5 - 11$. $\nabla f(1, 2, -1) = (2, 14, 2)$. The equation of the tangent plane at the given point is

$$(2, 14, 2) \cdot (x - 1, y - 2, z + 1) = 0,$$

which gives

$$x + 7y + z = 14.$$

For the second part, differentiating f with respect to x and treating z as a function of x and y gives

$$(2x + y + 2xz) + (x^2 + 2yz + 5z^4) z_x = 0. \quad (*)$$

Substituting $(x, y, z) = (1, 2, -1)$ gives

$$z_x = -1.$$

Now differentiating both sides of (*) again with respect to x we get

$$(2 + 2z + 2xz_x) + (2x + 2yz_x + 20z^3z_x) z_x + (x^2 + 2yz + 5z^4) z_{xx} = 0$$

and substituting $(x, y, z) = (1, 2, -1)$ and $z_x = -1$ we get

$$z_{xx} = 10.$$