



Bilkent University

Quiz # 3  
Math 102-Section 9  
31 March 2023, Friday, Moodle Quiz  
Instructor: Ali Sinan Sertöz  
**Solution Key**

---

**Q-1)** Let  $p_0 = (-1, 2, 3)$ ,  $\vec{u} = (4, 5, 6)$  and  $\vec{v} = (7, 8, 9)$ . Let  $\pi$  be the name of the plane containing  $p_0$  and not intersecting the lines parallel to  $\vec{u}$  and  $\vec{v}$ . Write the equation of  $\pi$  in the format  $x + By + Cz = D$ , where  $B, C, D$  are numbers.

**Q-2)** Let  $u = (1, 2, 3)$ ,  $v = (4, 5, 6)$  and  $w = (7, -8, -9)$ . Let  $\pi$  be the name of the plane containing these points. Write the equation of  $\pi$  in the format  $x + By + Cz = D$ , where  $B, C, D$  are numbers.

**Q-3)** Let the parametric curve  $C$  be given as  $p(t) = (t, t^2, t^3)$ ,  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ . This is called the twisted cubic in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  since it cannot be embedded into  $\mathbb{R}^2$  without losing its geometric properties. Let  $L$  be the tangent line to  $C$  at  $t = 2$ . Write vector, parametric and symmetric equations of  $L$ .

Show your work in detail. Correct answers without detailed explanation do not get any credit.

Grading: 3+3+4=10 points.

**Solution:**

(1) Since  $\pi$  is parallel to  $\vec{u}$  and  $\vec{v}$ , the cross-product  $\vec{u} \times \vec{v}$  gives us a normal direction

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{vmatrix} = (-3, 6, -3) = -3(1, -2, 1),$$

so we can take  $\vec{n} = (1, -2, 1)$ . Then an equation for  $\pi$  is of the form

$$\vec{n} \cdot (x, y, z) = \vec{n} \cdot p_0,$$

which gives

$$x - 2y + z = -2.$$

(2) Since  $p = v - u = (3, 3, 3)$  and  $q = w - u = (6, -10, -12)$  are parallel to  $\pi$ , their cross-product gives us a normal direction.

$$p \times q = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 6 & -10 & -12 \end{vmatrix} = (-6, 54, -48) = -6(1, -9, 8),$$

so we can take  $\vec{n} = (1, -9, 8)$ . Then an equation for  $\pi$  is of the form

$$\vec{n} \cdot (x, y, z) = \vec{n} \cdot u,$$

where clearly  $\vec{n} \cdot u = \vec{n} \cdot v = \vec{n} \cdot w = 7$ . This gives us

$$x - 9y + 8z = 7.$$

(3) Here  $p'(t) = (1, 2t, 3t^2)$ ,  $p(2) = (2, 4, 8)$  and  $p'(2) = (1, 4, 12)$ . A vector equation for the tangent line is

$$L(t) = p(2) + p'(2)t, \quad t \in \mathbb{R},$$

so we get

$$L(t) = (2, 4, 8) + (t, 4t, 12t), \quad t \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Parametric equations are then

$$x(t) = 2 + t, \quad y(t) = 4 + 4t, \quad z(t) = 8 + 12t, \quad t \in \mathbb{R}.$$

From these we can write the symmetric equations as

$$x - 2 = \frac{y - 4}{4} = \frac{z - 8}{12}.$$