



Due Date: 11 April, Monday 2016  
Time: Class time  
Instructor: Ali Sinan Sertöz

NAME:.....  
STUDENT NO:.....

### Math 302 Complex Analysis II – Homework 3

1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL
20	20	20	20	20	100

*Please do not write anything inside the above boxes!*

Check that there are **5** questions on your exam booklet. Write your name on top of every page. Show your work in reasonable detail. A correct answer without proper or too much reasoning may not get any credit. **Submit your solutions on this booklet only. Use extra pages if necessary.**

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#### Rules for Homework Assignments

- (1) You may discuss the problems only with your classmates or with me. In particular you may not ask your assigned questions or any related question to online forums.
- (2) You may use any written source be it printed or online. Google search is perfectly acceptable.
- (3) It is absolutely mandatory that you write your answers alone. Any similarity with your written words and any other solution or any other source that I happen to know is a direct violation of honesty.
- (4) You must obey the usual rules of attribution: all sources you use must be explicitly cited in such a manner that the source is easily retrieved with your citation. This includes any ideas you borrowed from your friends. (It is a good thing to borrow ideas from friends but it is a bad thing not to acknowledge their contribution!)
- (5) Even if you find a solution online, you must rewrite it in your own narration, fill in the blanks if any, making sure that you exhibit your total understanding of the ideas involved.

**Affidavit of compliance with the above rules:** I affirm that I have complied with the above rules in preparing this submitted work.

*Please sign here:*

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**Q-1)** Let  $A$  be a compact subset of  $\mathbb{C}$ . Assume that  $f_n$  is a sequence of analytic functions converging uniformly to a function  $f$  on  $A$ . Show that there exists a number  $R > 0$  such that for all  $z \in A$ , we have  $f_n(z)$  and  $f(z)$  in the disk  $D_R = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| \leq R\}$ .

This is one of the crucial details in the proof of Theorem 17.6 which is the main technical tool for the proof of Weierstrass Theorem, Theorem 17.7.

**Solution:**

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**Q-2)** Let  $X$  be a bounded region in  $\mathbb{C}$ . Show that  $e^z$  is uniformly continuous on  $X$ .

This is the other crucial detail in the proof of Theorem 17.6 which is the main technical tool for the proof of Weierstrass Theorem, Theorem 17.7.

**Solution:**

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**Q-3)** Let  $A$  be a compact set in  $\mathbb{C}$ , and let  $f_n$  be a sequence of analytic functions converging uniformly to a function  $f$  on  $A$ . Show that the sequence of functions  $g_n(z) = e^{f_n(z)}$  converges uniformly to the function  $g(z) = e^{f(z)}$  on  $A$ .

This should now follow from the results of questions 1 and 2.

**Solution:**

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**Q-4)** Show that any meromorphic function on  $\mathbb{C}$  is the ratio of two entire functions.

You need to use Weierstrass Theorem.

**Solution:**

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**Q-5)** Show that 
$$\sum_{1 \leq n_1 < n_2 < \dots < n_k} \frac{1}{n_1^2 \cdots n_k^2} = \frac{\pi^{2k}}{(2k+1)!}.$$

Check how  $\sum 1/n^2$  is calculated using the sine function and generalize.

**Solution:**